
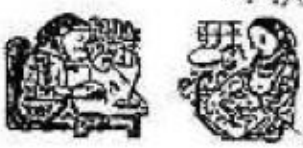


0.5	با کلمه ی مناسب خودتان جای خالی جمله ی زیر را کامل کنید. (حرف اول کلمه داده شده است.)	A6
1	18. A d - - - - is a book in which you record your thoughts or feelings or what has happened every day.	
1	19. Sara couldn't what the teacher was talking about. 1) communicate 2) dedicate 3) stand for 4) figure out 20. Call me if you have any problems your work. 1) regarding 2) belonging 3) generating 4) compiling	A7
B: Grammar (6 points)		
2	با توجه به نکات گزینده ی صحیح را انتخاب کنید.	B1
شما	21. A: "Are you going to the party?" B: "No, I" 1) didn't invite 2) haven't invited 3) wasn't inviting 4) haven't been invited 22. He's never seen such a thing before,he ? 1) is 2) isn't 3) has 4) hasn't 23. The students talked to the teacher before. 1) whom John met 2) who John met him 3) which John met 4) that John met him	
1	شکل صحیح فعل داخل پرانتز را با توجه به نکات گرامری در جای خالی بنویسید.	B2
	24. Your car repaired by the mechanic yet, has it?	
2	با هر گروه از کلمات زیر یک جمله بنویسید.	B3
	25. the car / were at home /if / he / could fix/ John / 26. has / made / by / to cure /cancer / been / doctors / a new medicine /	
1	جمله زیر را با استفاده از یکی از ضمیر موصولی مناسب who , whom , یا which کامل کنید.	B4
	27. A horse is an animal. 	
C: Writing (2 points)		
1	هر یک از جملات زیر را با انتخاب یک حرف ربط (and, so, but, or) کامل کنید.	C1
	28. Tom's grandfather is over 80, he still plays golf. 29. There are no more chairs available, you'll have to stand.	
1	جمله ی زیر را با توجه به تصویر و انتخاب یک کلمه ربط (but, and, so, or) کامل کنید و یک جمله مرکب معنی دار بنویسید.	C2
	30. You should do your homework, 	

D: Comprehension (8 points)

صفحه سوم

متن زیر را بخوانید و جاهای خالی را به گزینه های پیشنهادی زیری هر شماره کامل کنید.

D1

A good dictionary is (31) for language learners. It gives its users important information about words such as spelling, (32) and pronunciations. In order to learn how to use your particular dictionary (33)....., you should read its introductory section where you'll find out how the entries are (34)..... . This part of your dictionary will explain important information such as the abbreviations and pronunciation (35) used throughout the entries. Dictionaries sometimes use abbreviations instead of a word. This can be confusing if you don't know what the abbreviations (36) for.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| 31. a. difficult | b. essential | c. enough | d. particular |
| 32. a. explanations | b. introductions | c. definitions | d. conditions |
| 33. a. immediately | b. unexpectedly | c. probably | d. effectively |
| 34. a. arranged | b. figured | c. designed | d. recommended |
| 35. a. origins | b. levels | c. symbols | d. scores |
| 36. a. stand | b. use | c. make | d. jump |

متن های زیر را بخوانید و به سوالات به طور خواسته شده پاسخ دهید.

D2

5 Passage 1: The person who entered Helen Keller's life at the age of seven and changed her world was Anne Sullivan. Miss Sullivan had accepted a job which seemed impossible. She had agreed to teach a blind child who had never learned to act like a human being because no one had ever been able to guide her in any way. But Anne Sullivan was a very special kind of teacher. She had been blind during part of her own childhood. But in late years she had been able to see again after several operations, but she had never forgotten the experience of being blind. That was why she understood Helen, loved her and could help her.

37. When Helen was 7 years old, Miss Sullivan started teaching her. a. True b. False
38. Helen's teacher couldn't understand the world of the blind. a. True b. False
39. Miss Sullivan was able to see before she started teaching Helen. a. True b. False
40. Why did Miss Sullivan accept to teach Helen?

Passage 2:

From birth, children learn to manipulate their world to get their needs met but parents need to teach them respectful ways of doing things as they relate with others especially elders. Some fathers often forget that children aren't born with a built-in sense of respect for others. While each child has a different personality, all children need to be taught how to be respectful.

As a father, it is important to remember that your child is not your friend, he's your child. Your job is to coach him or her to be able to function in this world. This means teaching them to behave respectfully to others, not just you. When you think your child might be crossing the line, a good rule of thumb is to ask yourself, "Would I let the neighbor say these things to me?" If the answer is no, don't let your child do it, either.

It is good to catch disrespectful behavior early. If your child is rude or disrespectful, don't turn a blind eye. Intervene and say, "We don't talk to each other that way in this family." As a parent, it's important that if you see your child being disrespectful to accept it and then try to nip it in the bud.

41. The author has written the text to
- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| a) give some advice | c) give an example of a bad behavior |
| b) mention a problem | d) change a bad habit |
42. The word "catch" underlined in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to
- | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------------|---------|
| a) take | b) keep | c) understand | d) stop |
|---------|---------|---------------|---------|
43. In the last paragraph, it is stated that the first step to face rudeness and bad behavior of children is to
- | | |
|--|--|
| a) accept that their children are behaving badly | b) start telling them to behave properly |
| c) give the child a moral lesson | d) ignore it if it is the first time |

1-

1- c; 2- a

2-

3- forgiven; 4- temperature; 5- contain; 6- combination

3-

7- distinguished; 8- receiving; 9- founded

4-

10- b; 11- e; 12- a; 13- c

5-

14- c; 15- d; 16- e; 17- a

6-

18- diary; 19- 4; 20- 1; 21- 4; 22- 3; 23- 1; 24- hasn't been

7-

25- If John were at home, he could fix the car; 26- A new medicine has been made to cure cancer

8-

27- A horse is an animal which runs fast; 28- but; 29- so; 30- or you should wash the dishes

9-

31- b; 32- c; 33- d; 34- a; 35- c; 36- a; 37- T; 38- F; 39- T; 40- because she had never forgotten the experience of being blind.

10-

41- a; 42- a; 43- b
